## Sustainable Vegetable Systems

Andrew Barber SVS Programme Manager

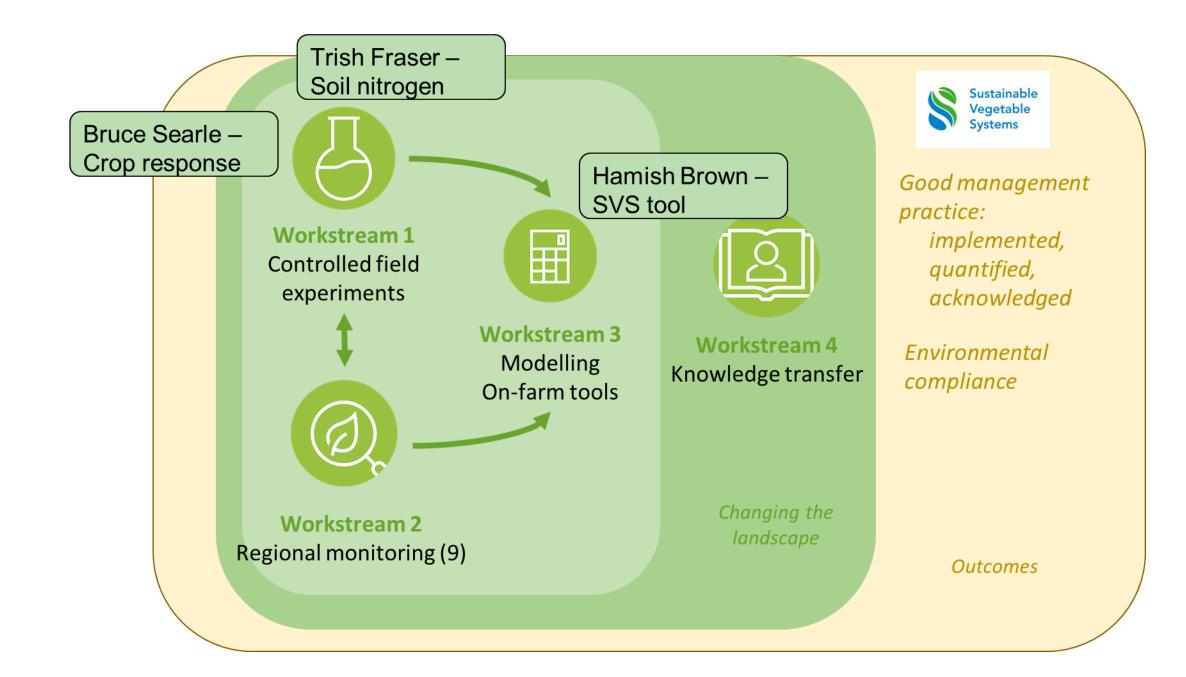




### Turning the invisible visible



- Drivers
  - Nitrogen optimisation cost, yield, and quality
  - Regulatory replacing nitrogen leaching <u>numbers</u> with <u>practices</u>
- SVS is delivering a nitrogen budget tool
- Integrating soil nitrogen tests into fertiliser decision making
  - Measured over modelled wins every time





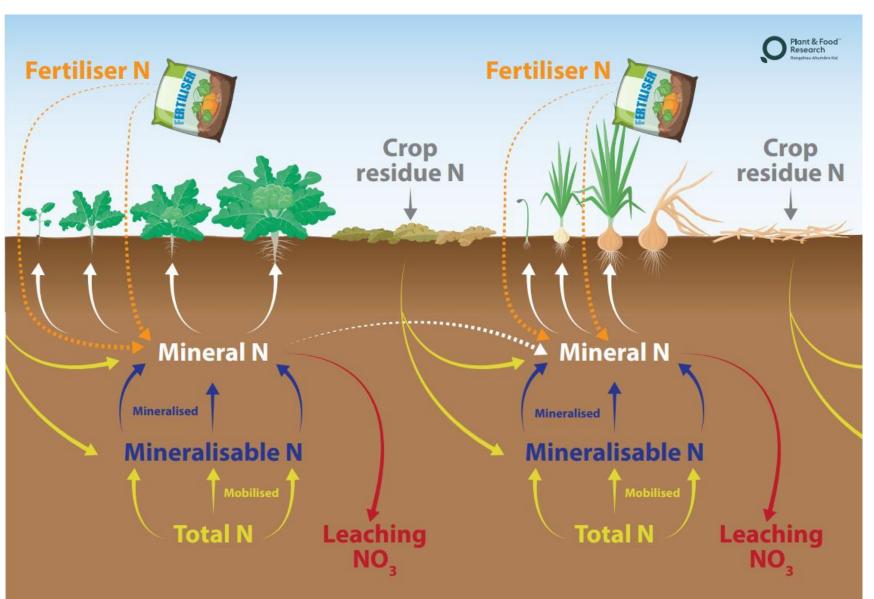
### Soil and crop nitrogen dynamics in vegetable cropping systems

**Bruce Searle and Trish Fraser** 



The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited

#### Nitrogen cycling in a vegetable rotation





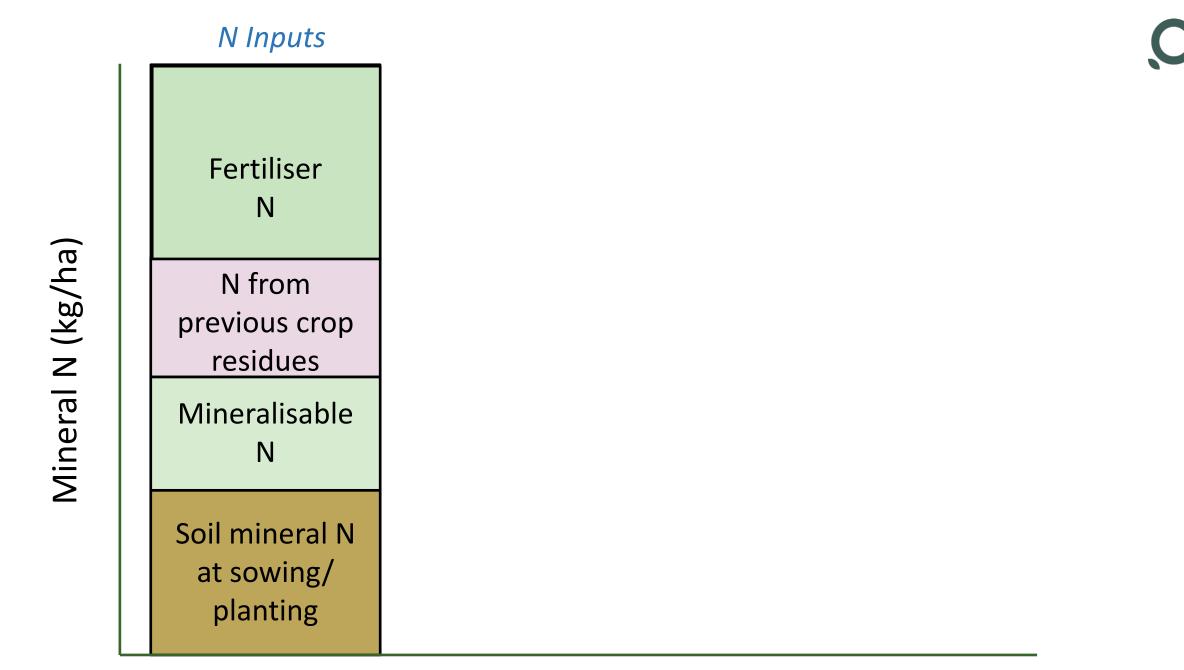
#### **Issues:**

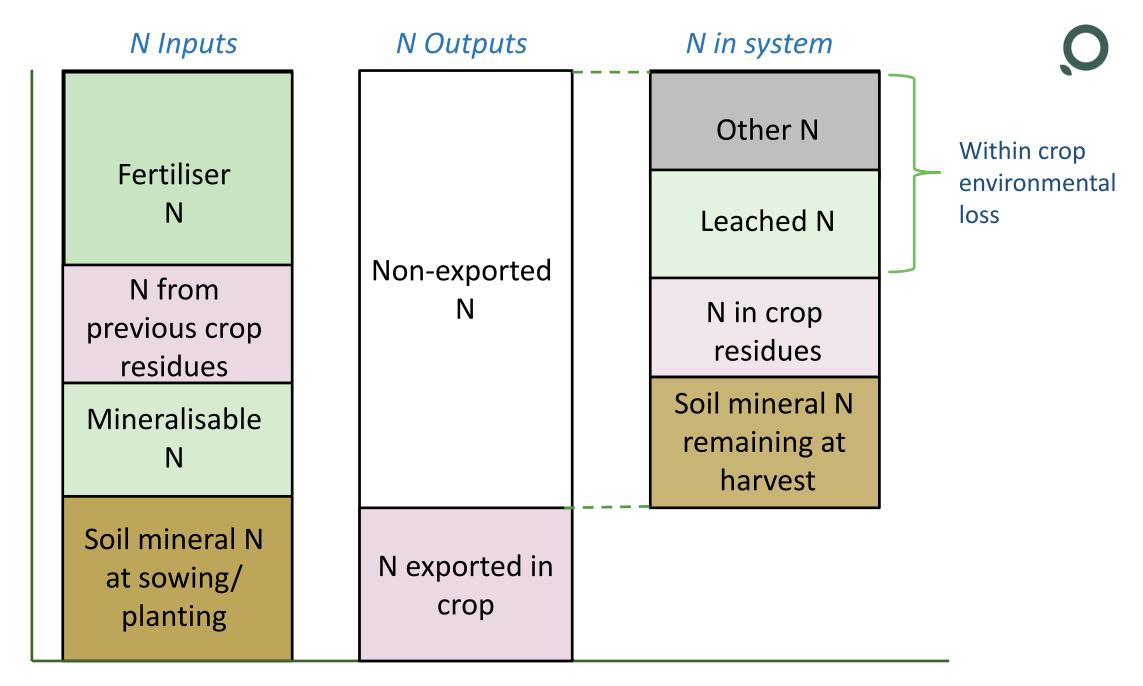
When nitrogen gets misplaced in the environment, water bodies and the atmosphere can become polluted.

This is also an undesirable economic loss for the farmer/grower.

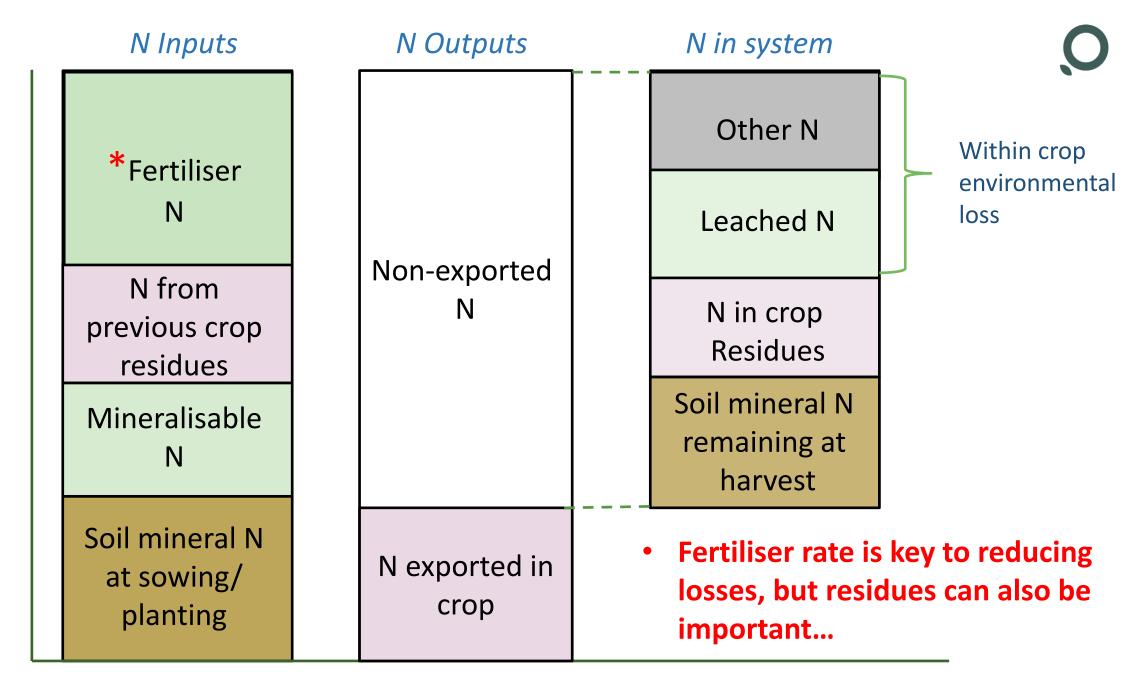
#### Aim:

Help improve current practices through provisionof mitigation strategies to reduce nitrogen losseswhilst sustaining productivity.





Mineral N (kg/ha)

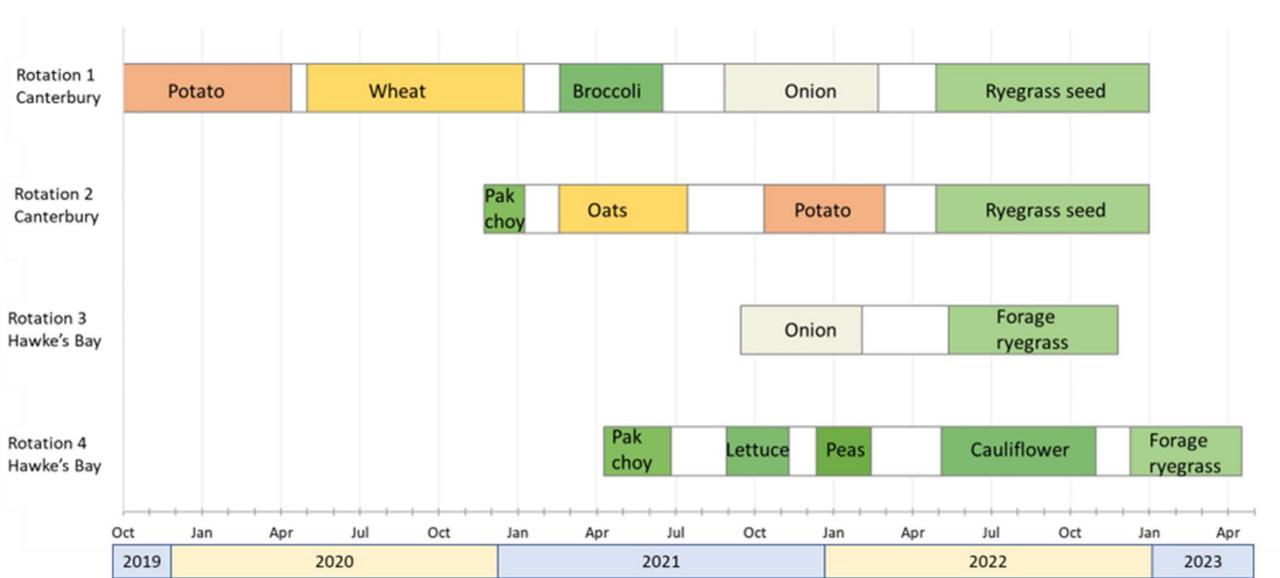


Mineral N (kg/ha)

#### Workstream 1



#### **Rotations in Workstream 1**



#### **Rotation 1**

	Potato	Wheat	Broccoli	Onion	Rye gras	SS		
	'Russet Burbank'	'Catherine'	'Nobel'	'Tilbury'	'Nui'			
Sow date		19 May 2020	3 Mar 202 1	7 Sep 202 1	6 May 20	)22		
Nitrogen rate (kg/ha)								
N1	21	150	0		0	29		
N2	121	150	30		60	74		
N3	221	150	60	1	20	119		
N4	421	150	120	2	240	209		



#### **Rotation 2**

	Pak choy	Oats	Potatoes	Ryegrass			
	'Shanghai'	'Milton'	'Agria'	'Nui'			
Sow date	7 Dec 2020	2 Mar 2021	22 Oct 2021	6 May 2022			
Nitrogen rate (kg/ha)							
N1	0	0 0 0		0			
N2	30	0	103	60			
N3	60	0	206	120			
N4	140	0	412	240			



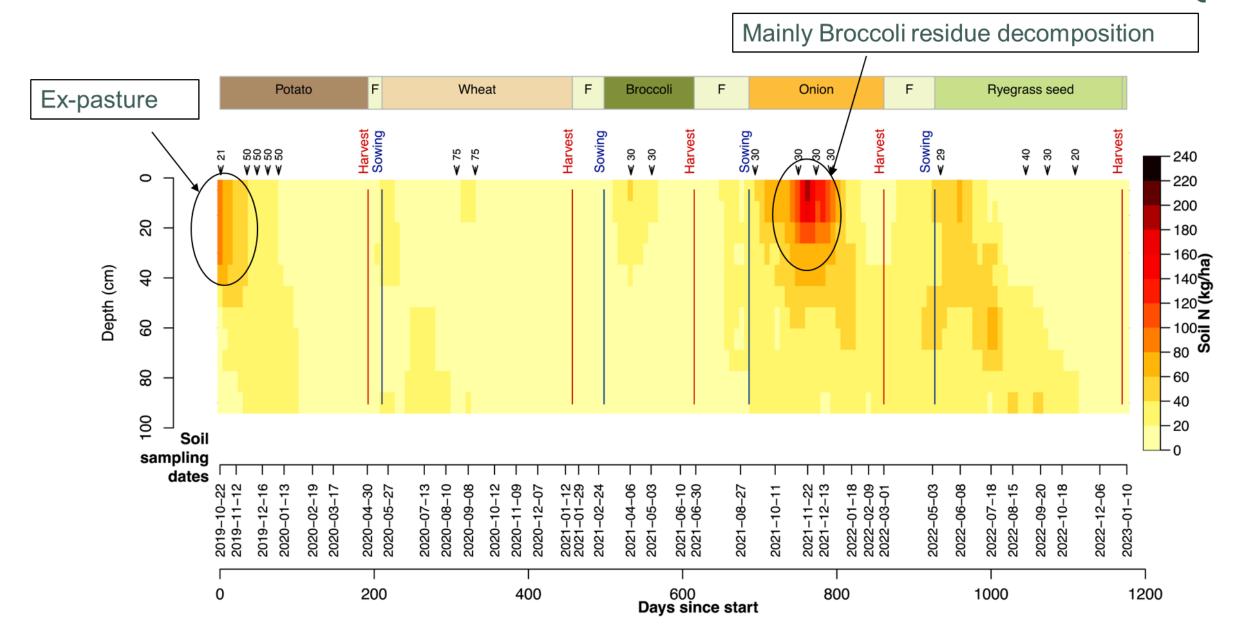
#### Soil mineral N in Rotation 1 – N1 treatment



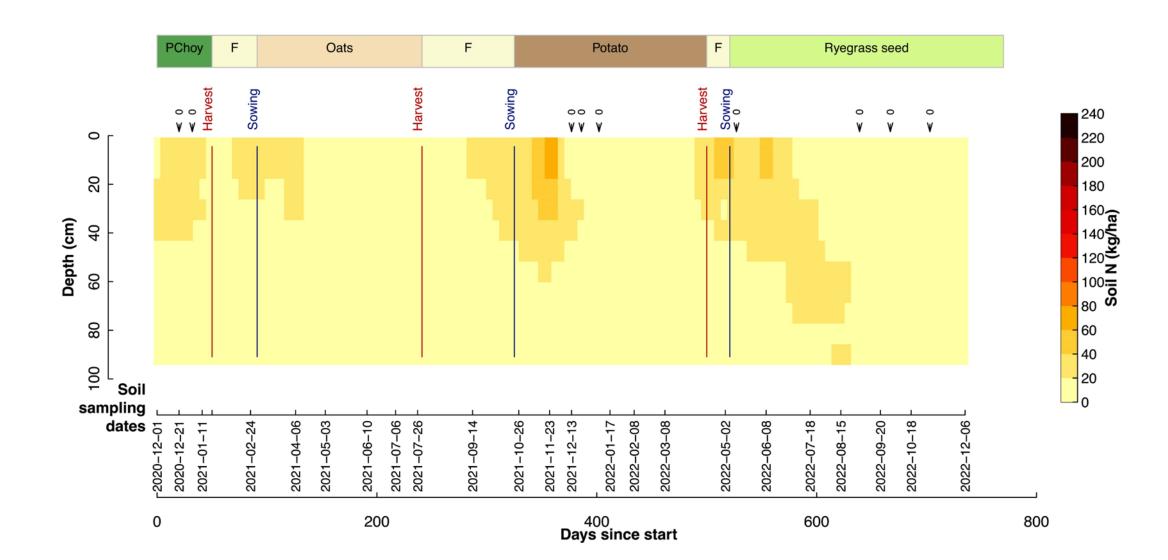
Onion Wheat F Ryegrass seed Potato F Broccoli F F **Ex-pasture** Harvest Sowing Harvest Harvest Sowing Harvest Sowing ▲ 0 Sowing € 29 Harvest ₹ 75₹ 75 21 0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 240 \*\*\* ۷ W ۷ ۷ 0 220 200 20 - 180 <sup>160</sup> 😨 Depth (cm) 6 140**4/6** 120**1/1** 100**105** 60 80 · 60 40 100 - 20 Soil 0 sampling dates 2019-10-22 2019-11-12 2021-01-12 2021-01-29 2021-06-10 2021-06-30 2021-11-22 2021-12-13 2022-01-18 2022-02-09 2022-03-01 2021-04-06 2022-12-06 2019-12-16 2020-01-13 2020-02-19 2020-04-30 2020-07-13 2020-08-10 2020-09-08 2020-10-12 2020-11-09 2021-02-24 2021-05-03 2021-08-27 2021-10-11 2022-05-03 2022-06-08 2022-07-18 2022-08-15 2022-09-20 2022-10-18 2023-01-10 2020-03-17 2020-12-07 2020-05-27 600 Days since start 200 800 0 400 1000 1200

#### Mainly Broccoli residue decomposition

#### Soil mineral N in Rotation 1 – N3 treatment

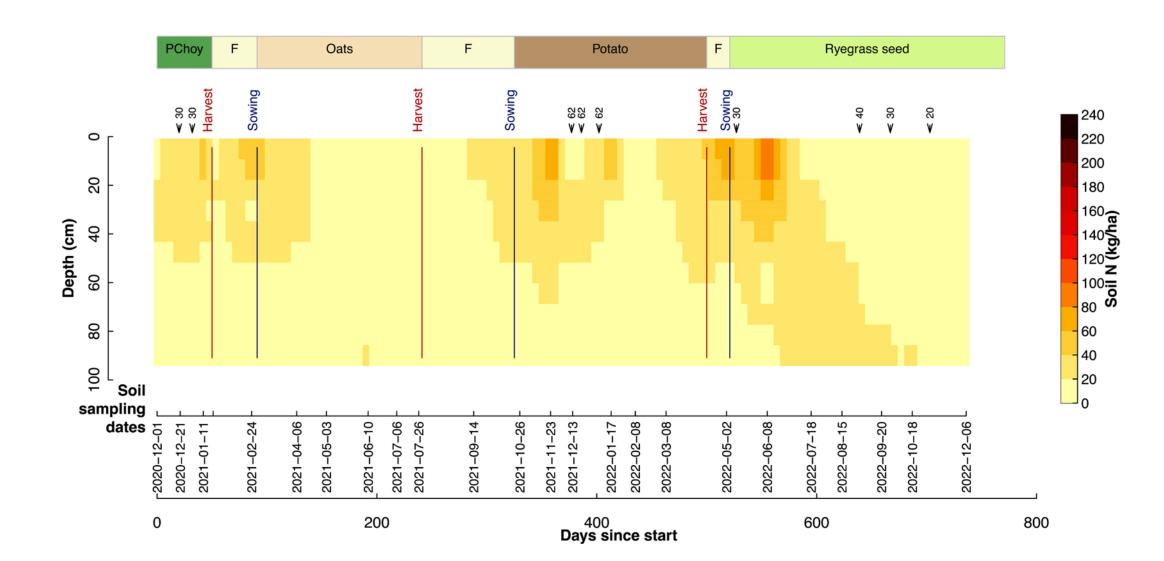


#### Soil mineral N in Rotation 2 – N1 treatment



Q

#### Soil mineral N in Rotation 2 – N3 treatment



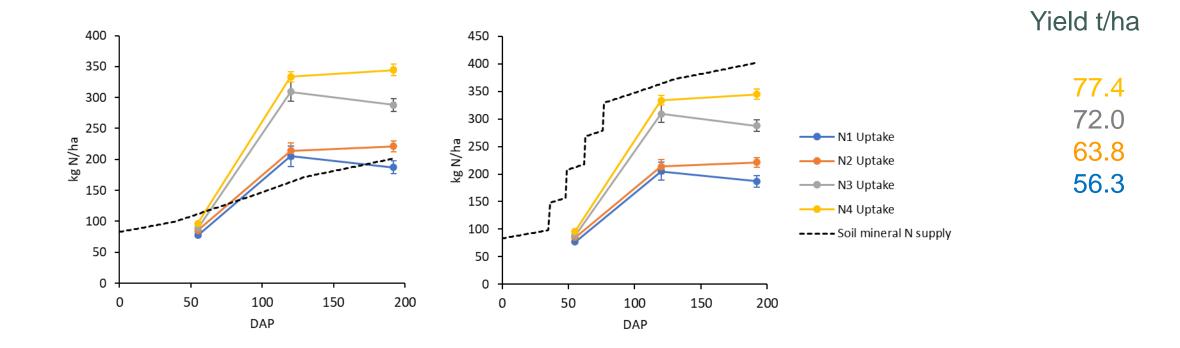
Q

**Potato N uptake** 

Q

Rotation 1 – N1

Rotation 1 – N3

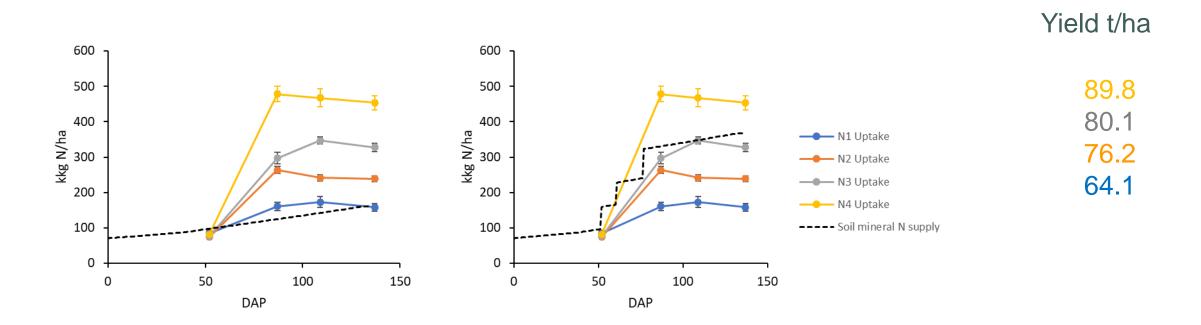


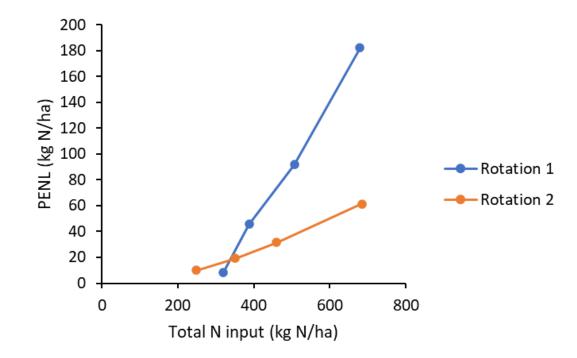
Potato N uptake

Q

Rotation 2 – N1









#### Conclusions

- Data obtained from different rotations to understand crop- soil N dynamics
- Potato crops had similar N inputs, but different N balances.
- Difference in N balance partly driven by yield, partly by supply amount and timing
- Applying the appropriate amount of N to match desired yield optimises returns and minimises losses







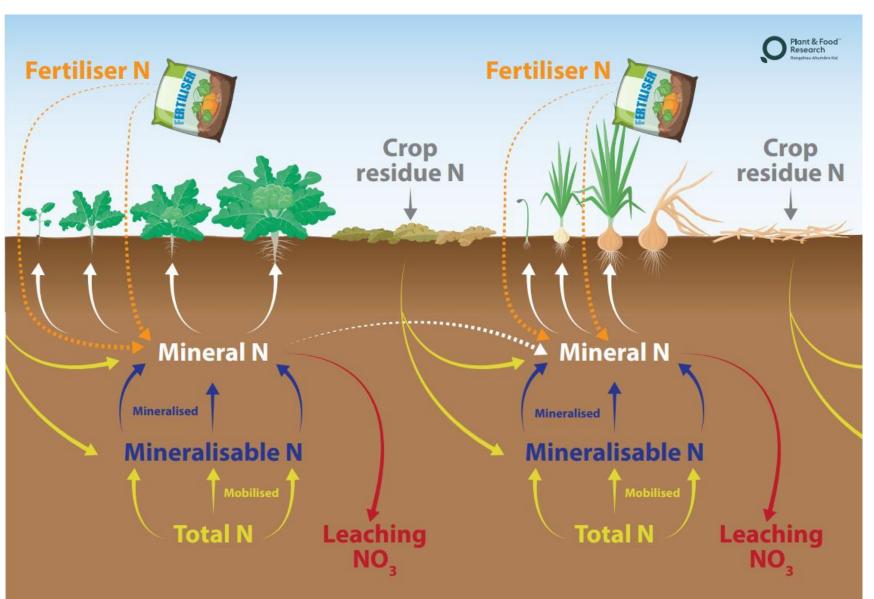
# Residues in vegetable cropping systems

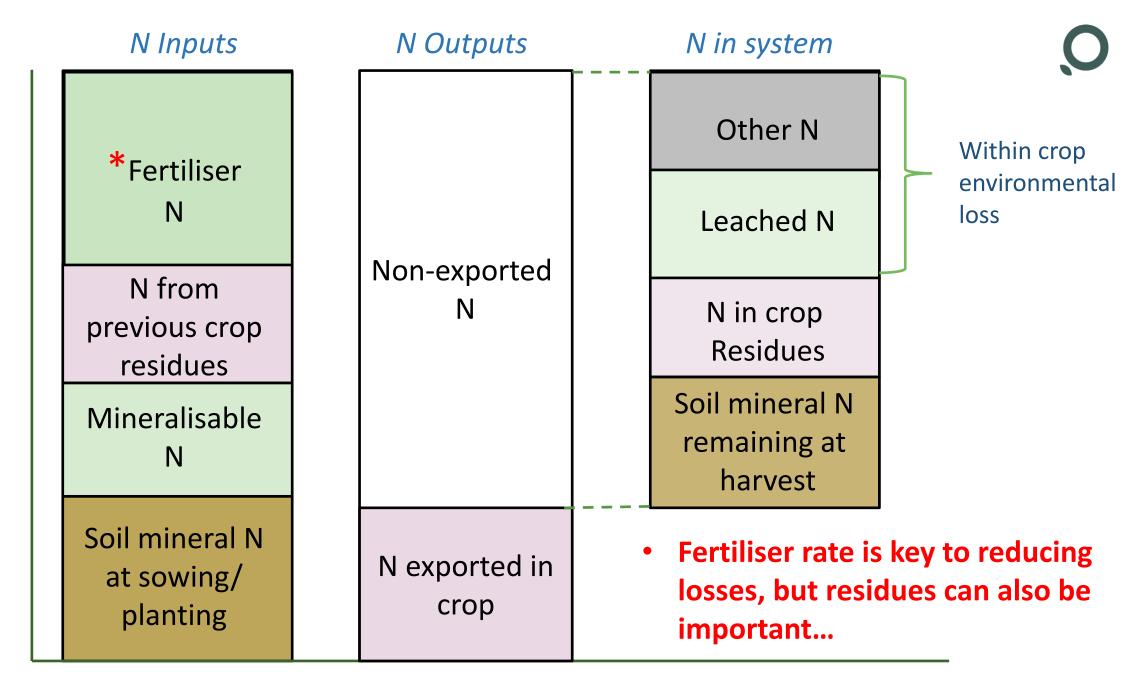
**Trish Fraser and Bruce Searle** 



The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited

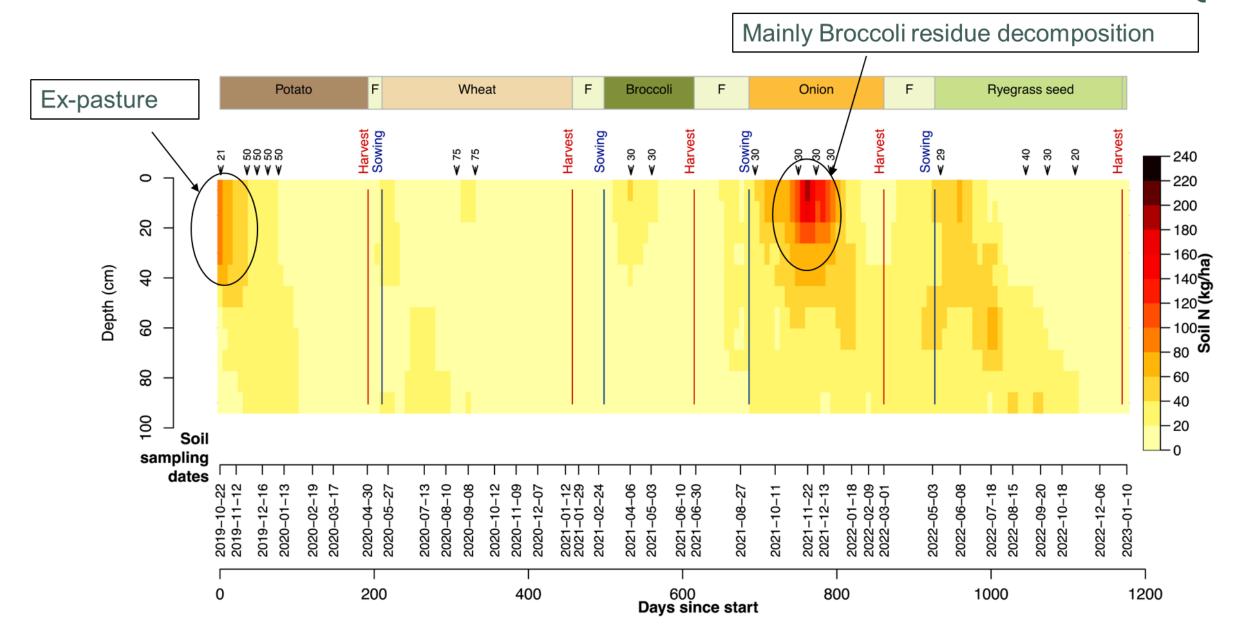
#### Nitrogen cycling in a vegetable rotation





Mineral N (kg/ha)

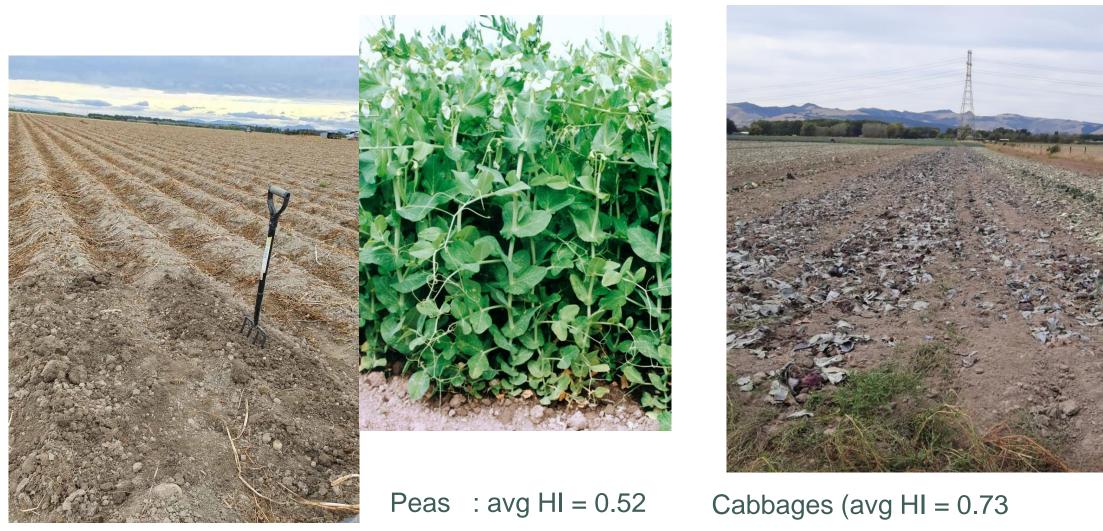
#### Soil mineral N in Rotation 1 – N3 treatment



# Literature review conducted focussing on N in crop residues

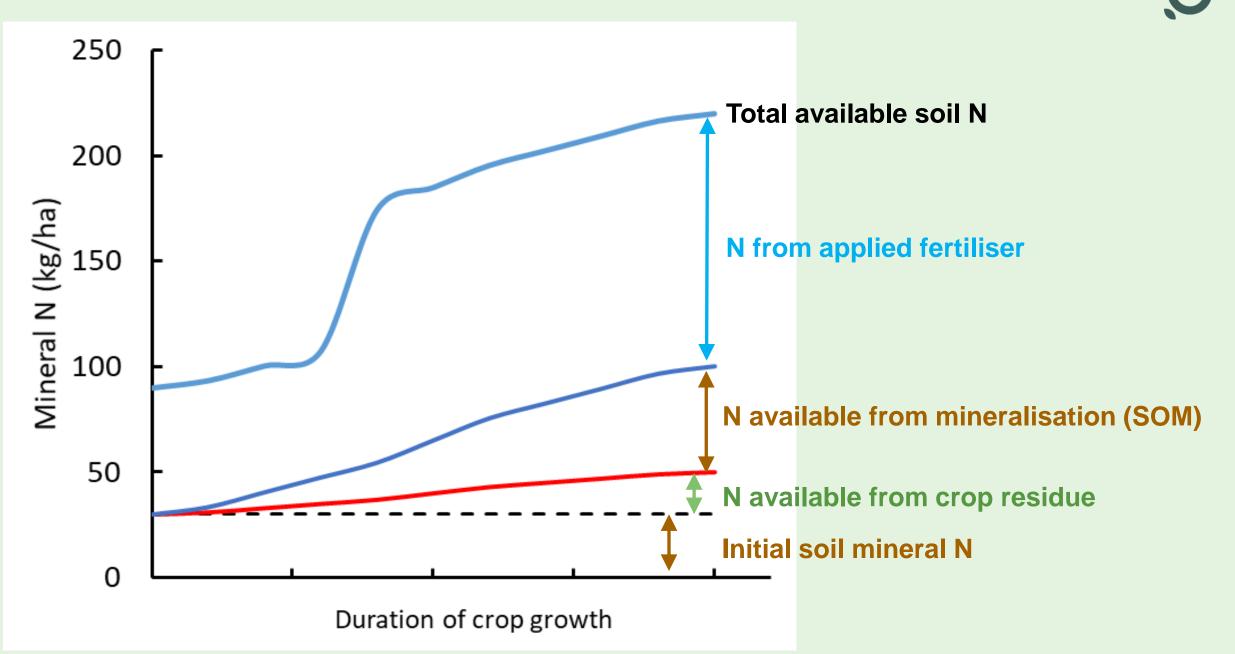
- Sharp JM, Khaembah EN, Fraser PM, Gee M. February 2023. A literature review of arable and vegetable crop residues, with emphasis on nitrogen status and factors affecting residue decomposition and nitrogen release.
- Gathered information on nitrogen concentration in residue components and factors affecting the subsequent supply of N from crop residues to the next crop

# Amounts of crop residue left behind vary considerably by crop

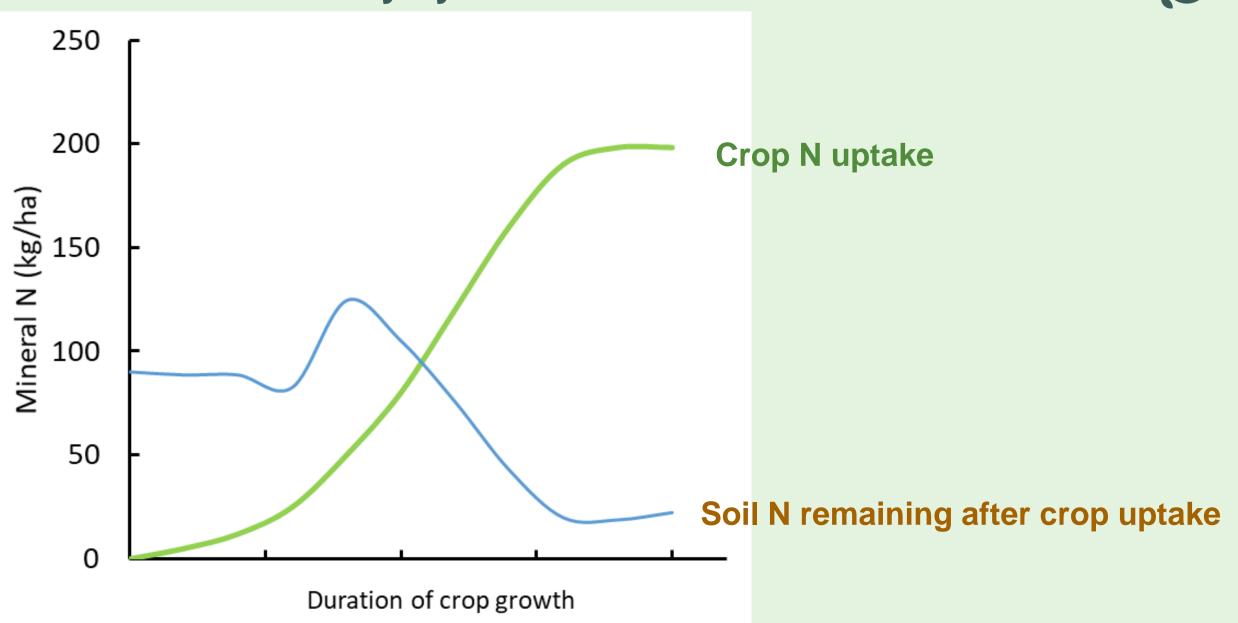


Potato: avg HI = 0.89

#### N movement is very dynamic

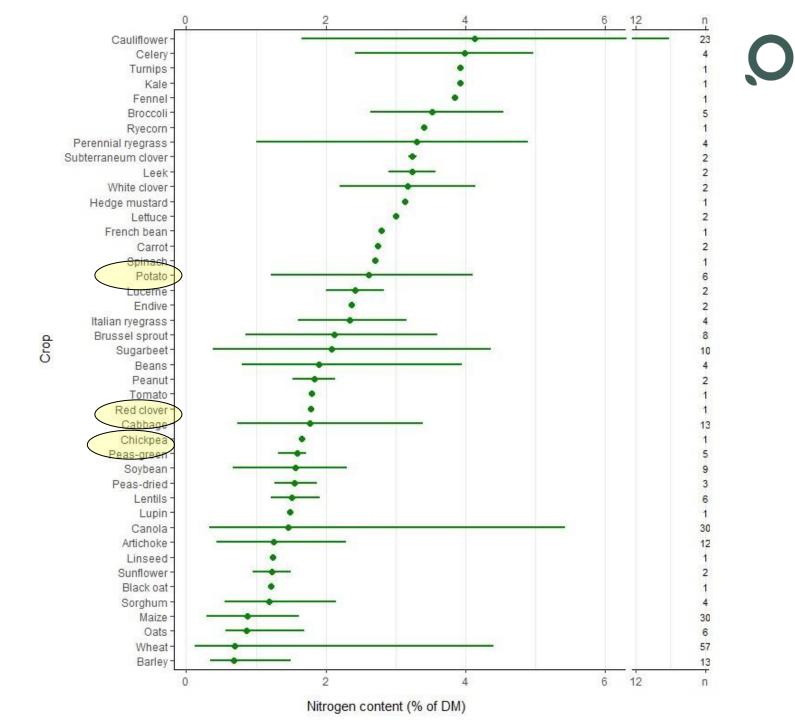


#### N movement is very dynamic

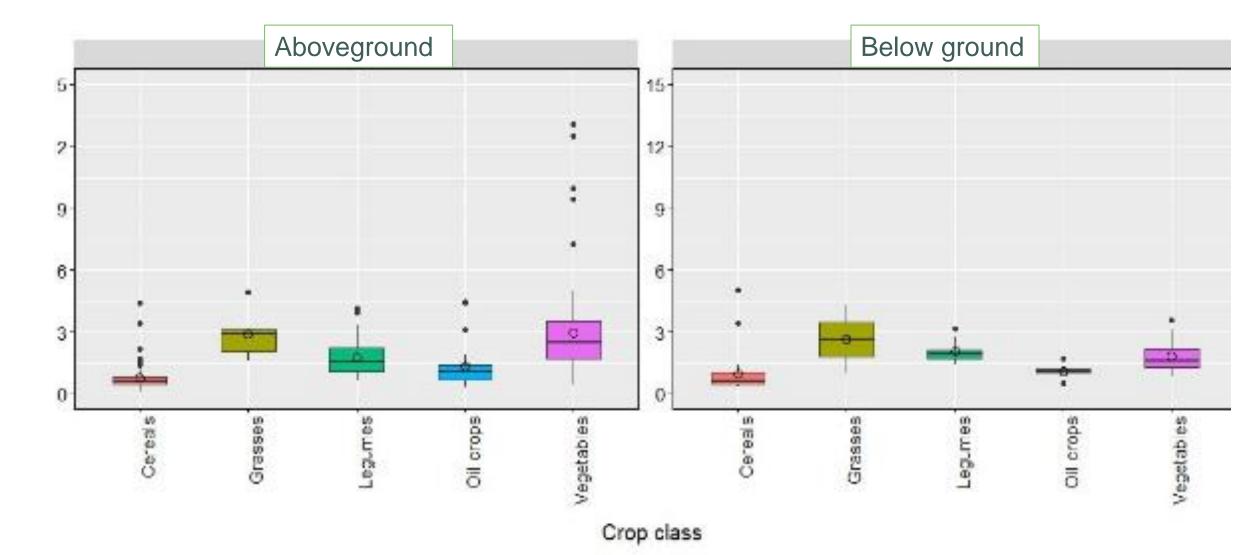


Average % N in crop residue found in different crops in temperate systems

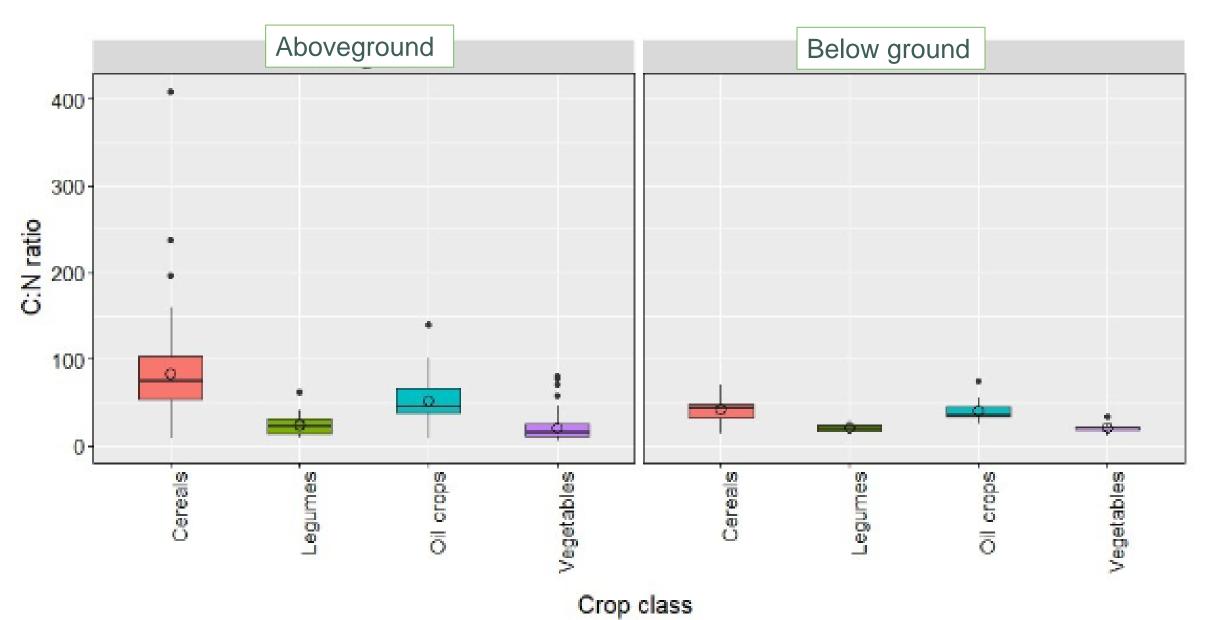
- Review highlighted: Average % N in crop residue found in different crops in temperate systems
- Mostly above ground residues investigated,
- Importance of using local biomass in calculations, as yields for a number of crops are often higher in NZ



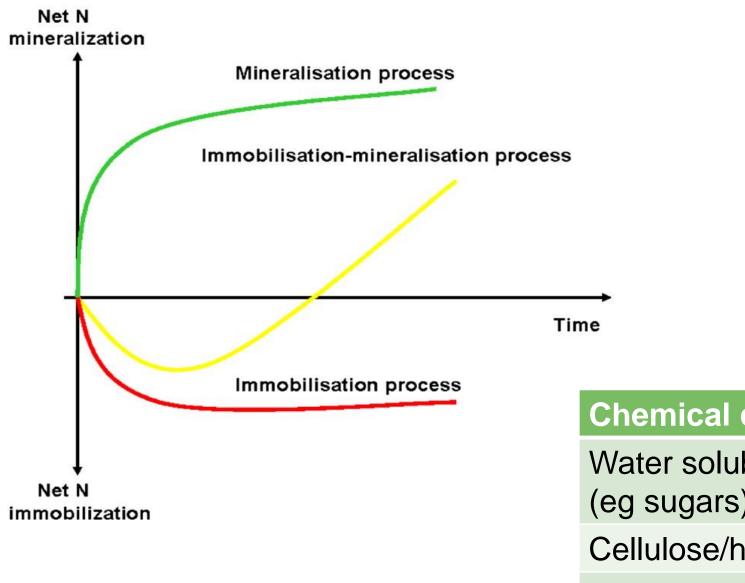
#### Lit review - Average nitrogen concentrations in residues



#### C:N ratio of residues



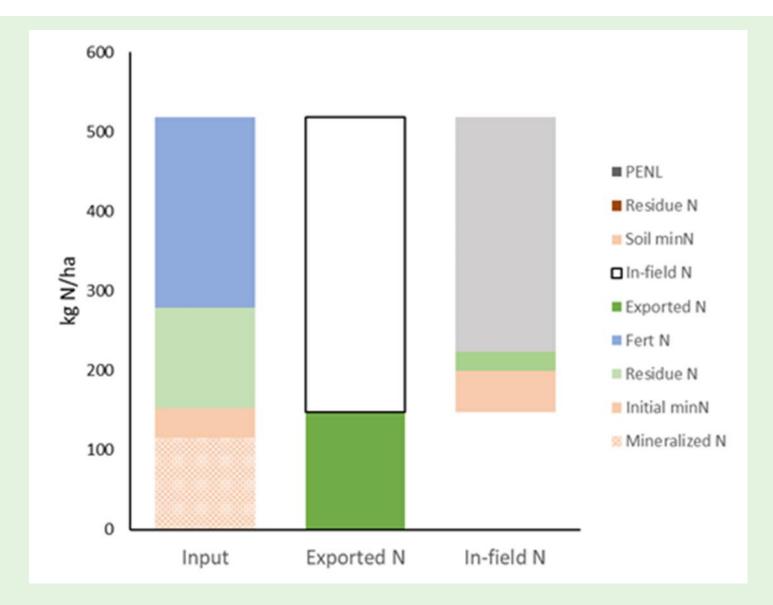
#### **Residue decomposition**



Chemical constituent	Breakdown rate
Water soluble materials (eg sugars)	Days
Cellulose/hemicellulose	Months
Lignin	Years

#### **N** balance

Q



#### Conclusions

- Nitrogen in vegetable systems is very dynamic.
- Ideally follow "4R's approach"
  - **Right fertiliser**
  - Right place
  - **Right time**
  - **Right amount**
- Need to know crop N uptake (modelled) and soil N (measured) to help make this decision.
- Applying the appropriate amount of N to match desired yield optimises returns and minimises losses





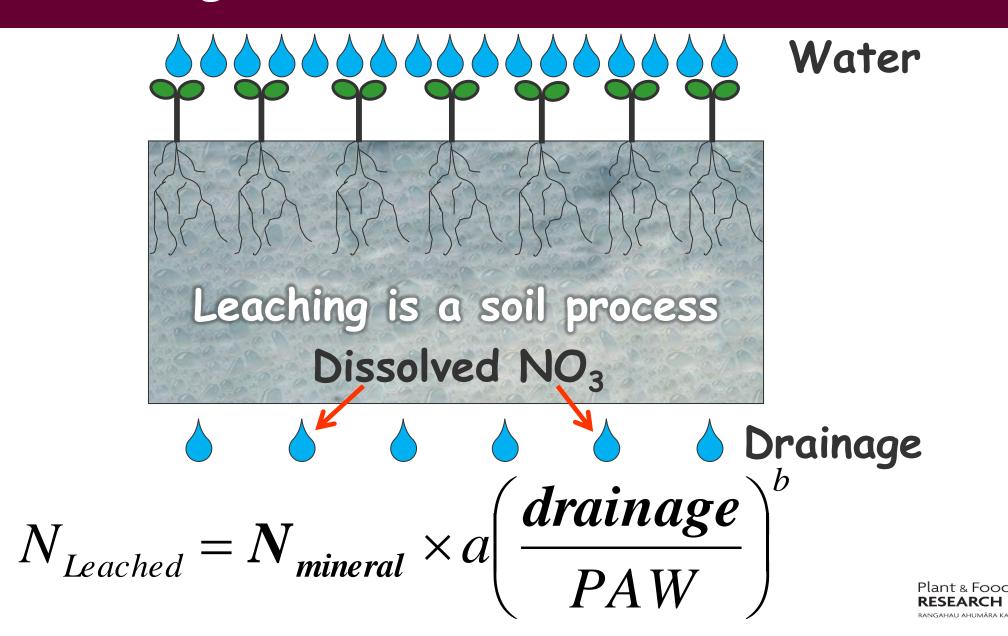


### Nitrogen Management Tool(s) for Minimised Leaching

Hamish Brown, Systems modeller



### Some leaching is unavoidable

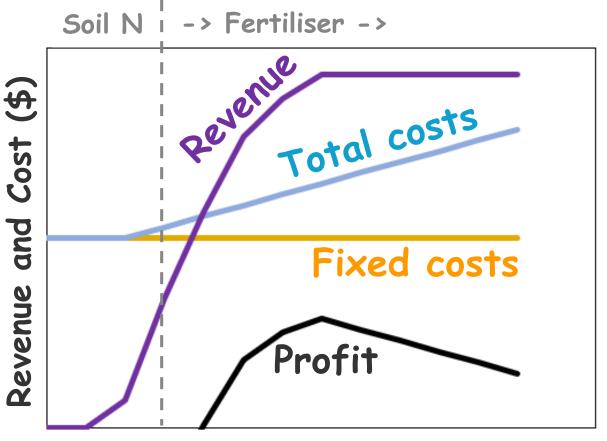


# Some leaching is unavoidable

• Drainage is unavoidable



Mineral N is essential



Mineral N Supply

# How to minimize leaching risk in crop production

# Easy in theory !!!

Avoid surplus N in the soil



• Ensure enough N for economic crop growth

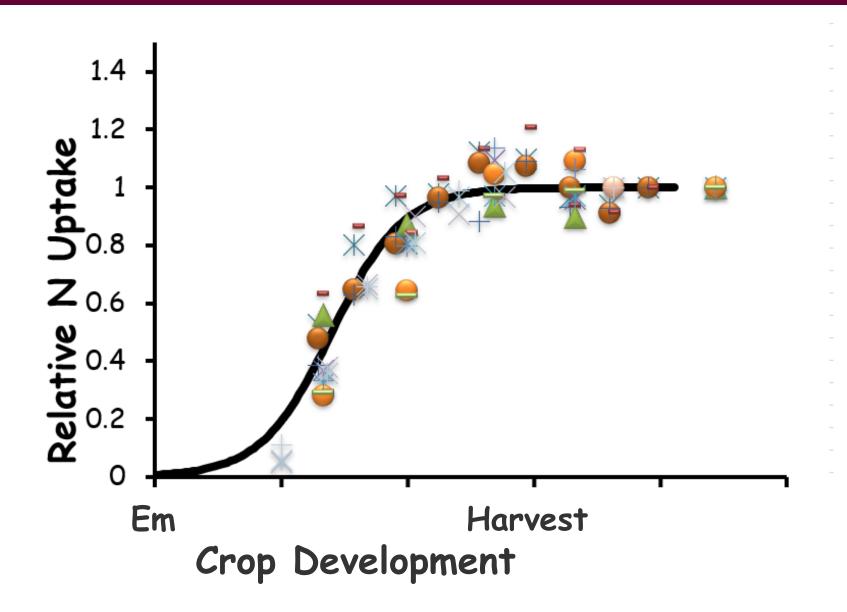


# Difficult in Practice !!!

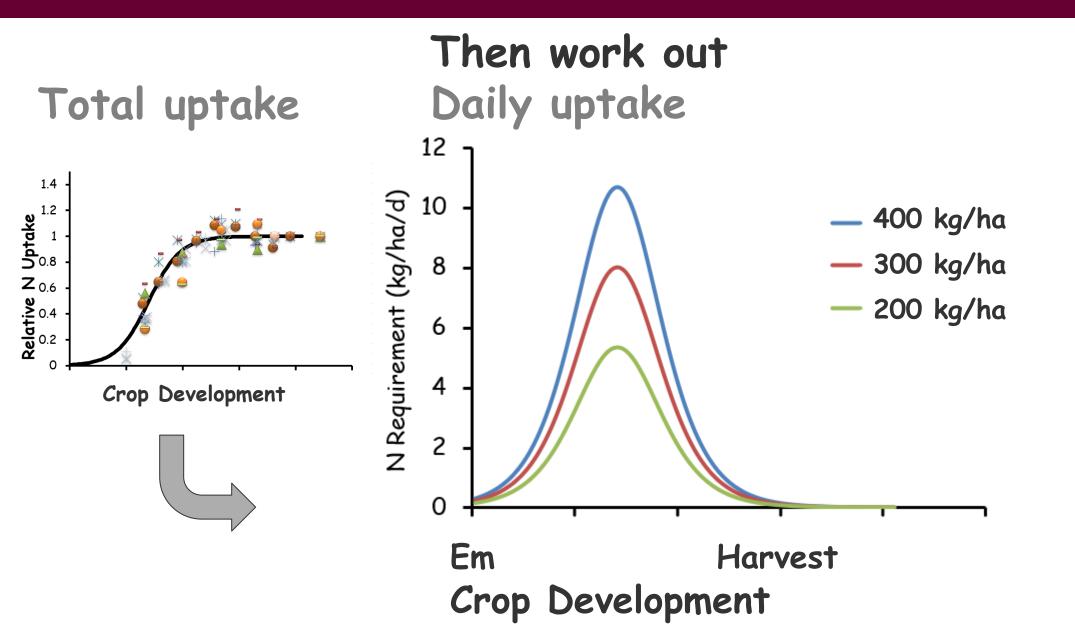


## How much is enough soil N?

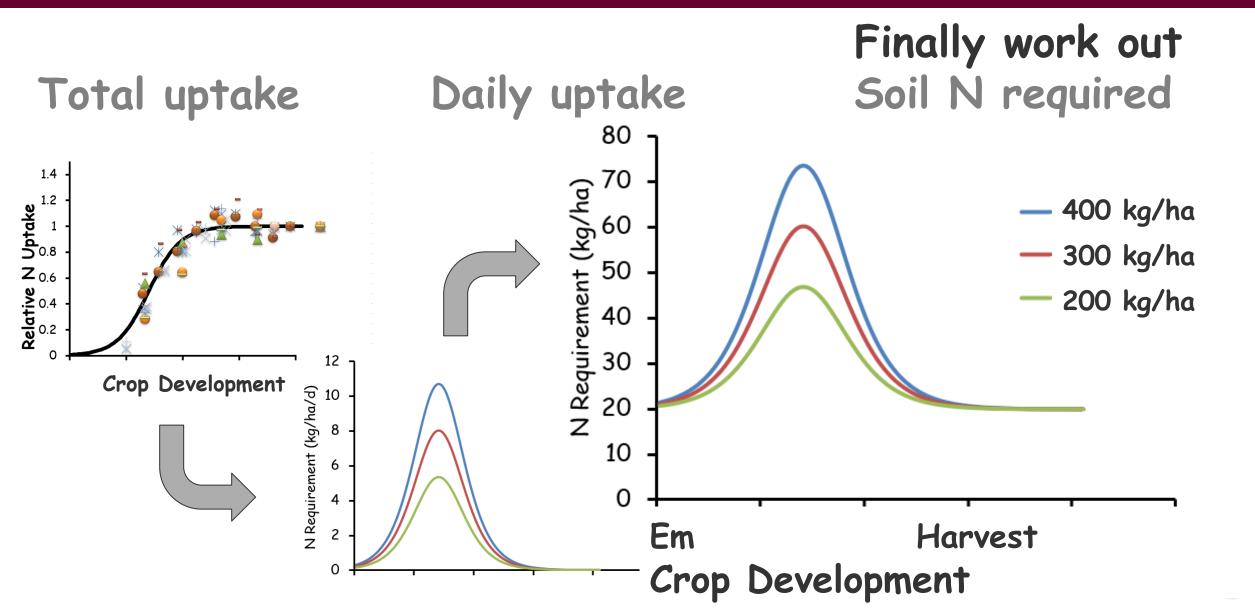
Start with Total uptake



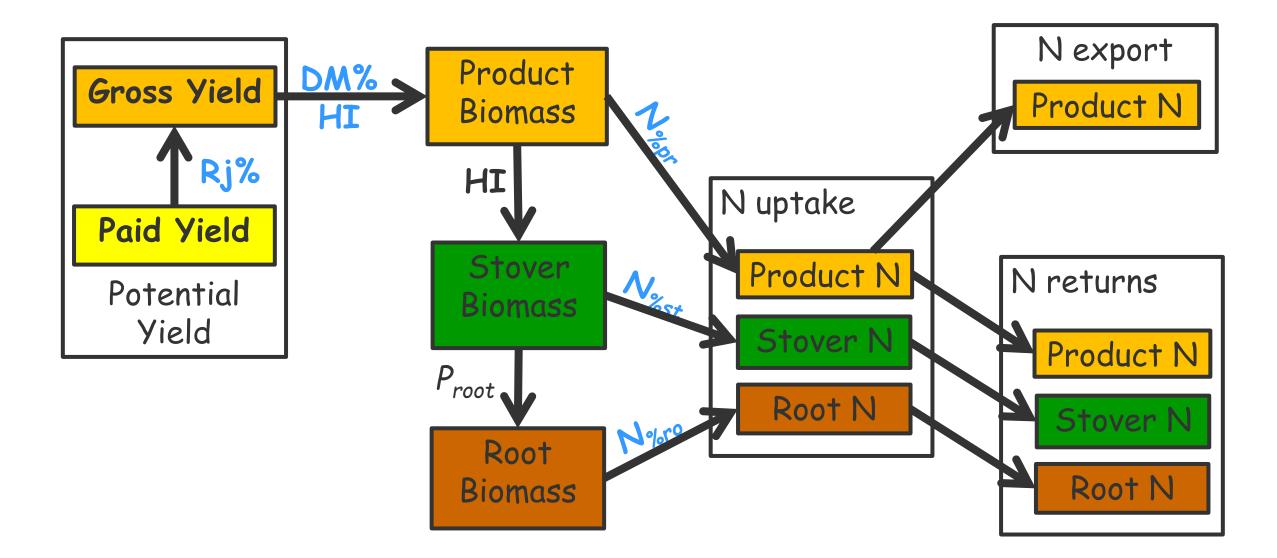
### How much is enough soil N?



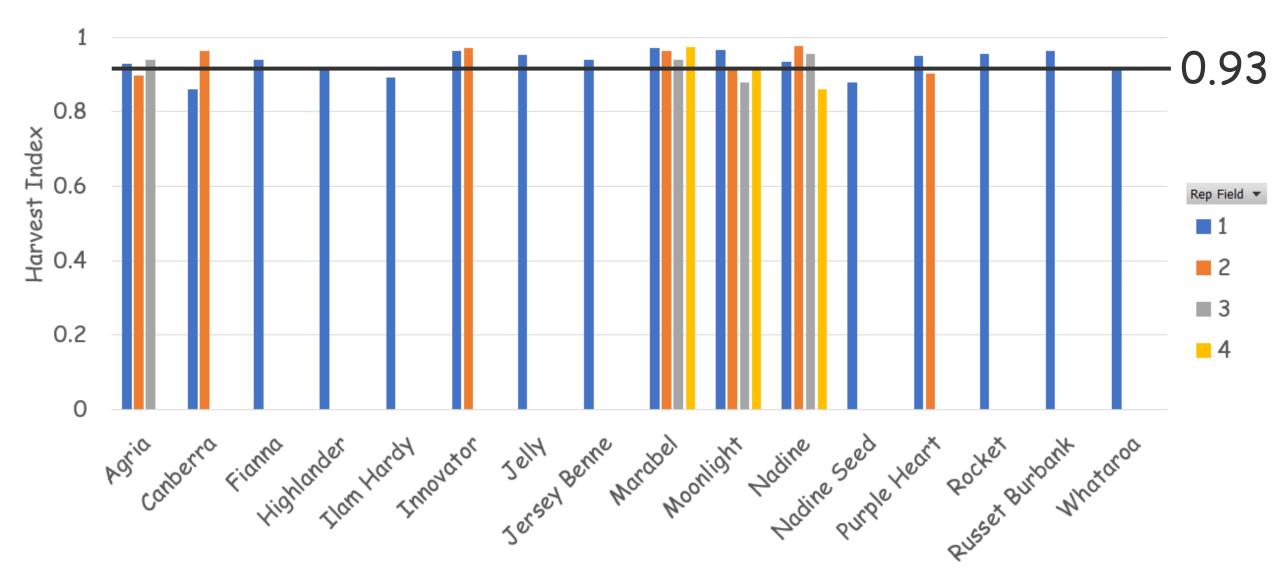
### How much is enough soil N?



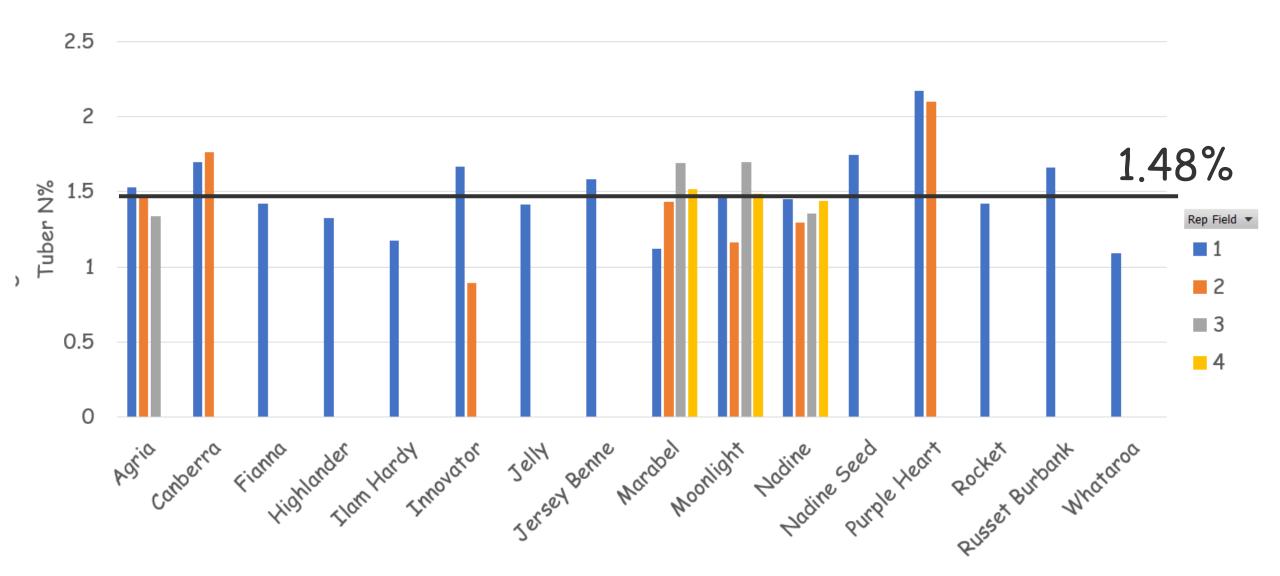
### Calculating total Crop N uptake



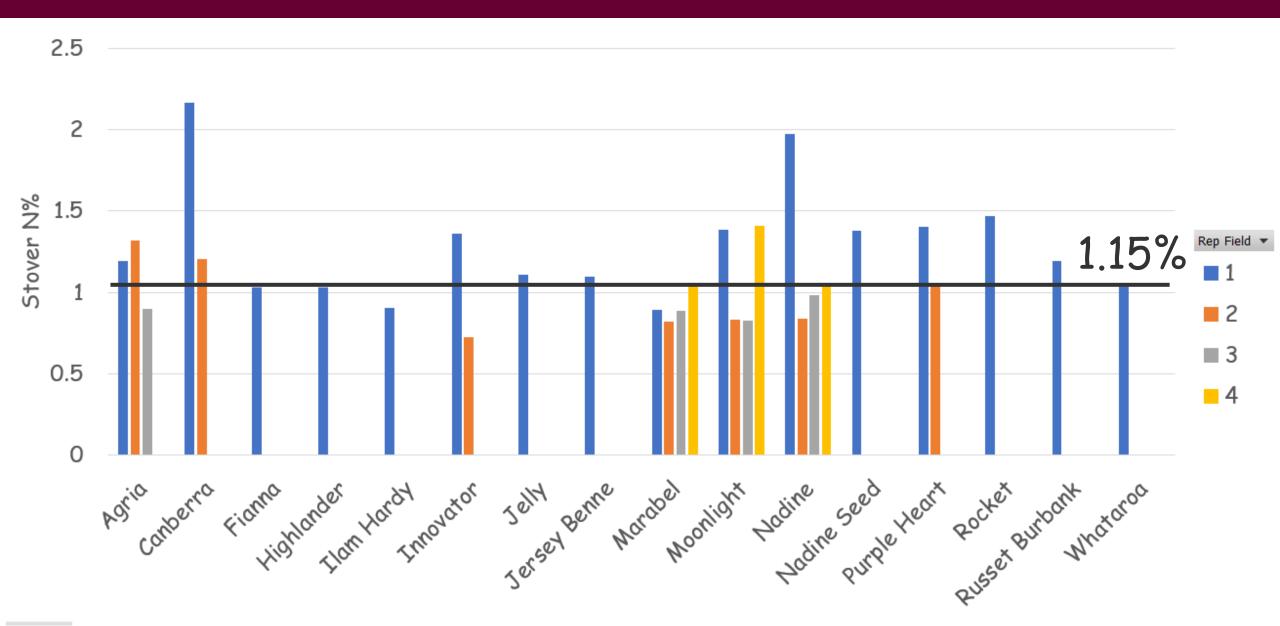
### Harvest Index



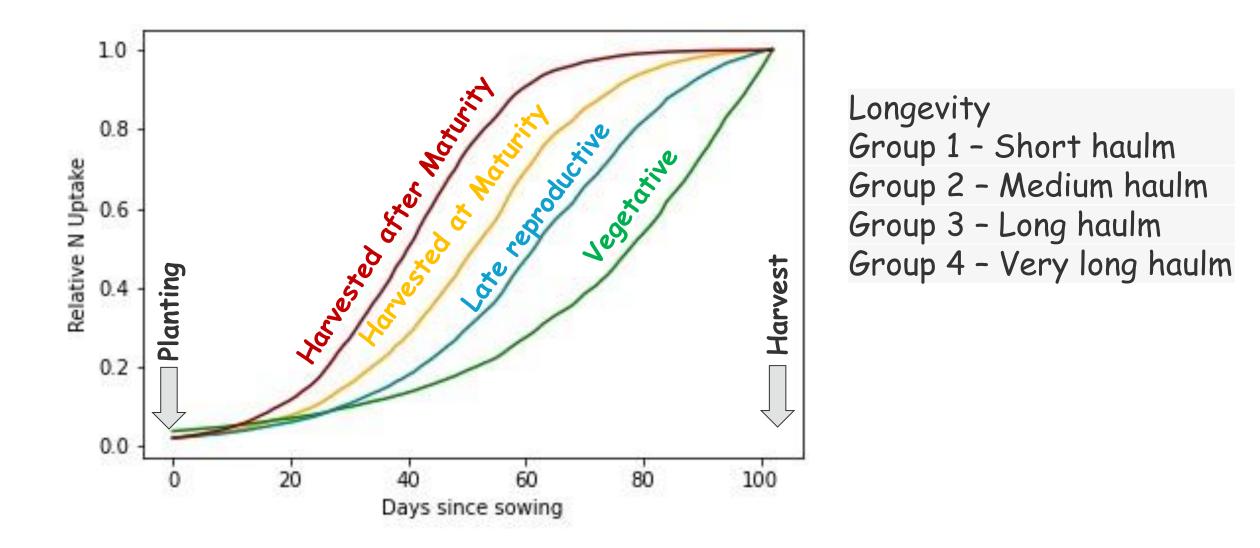




### Stover N%



### Different use classes



## Nitrogen Input Planning Tool

Systems								N-sight tool	Manage enterprise	es & crops	<b>₽</b> ∨		
Select a nitrogen balance scenario Back2 - Potato General - 24/	08/2023			~	Level: Basic  V Select input level to	unlock defaults			🕒 Download PDF	🕒 Downlo	ad CSV		
Prior Crop Curren	t Crop Next Crop	N fertiliser applied or planned	rtiliser applied or planned + Ado										
Crop Grown		Side dressings:	1				Current Crop Nitrogen B	Balance			=		
Crop Type:	Vegetable ~	Date Amount (kgN/ha)		Total N fertiliser guidance: 335		500				=			
Crop:	Potato ~	Soil mineral N Test Results		H Add		(kgN/ha)							
Variety:	General V	Date Nitrogen kg N/ha(to 30 cm)		Nitrogen Schedule		400 Minera	1: 61.9	Minera	i: 30.6				
Basic Crop Info		Potential Mineralisable Nitroger	n		Date Amount (kgN	/ha)	Organi 300	ic: 0.0	Losses	æ 67.0			
Planting date:	15/10/2023	PMN test result:			12/12/2023 335		kg Wh a						
Growing Days:	183	PMN result type:	PMN		Applied/Planned     Recommended		200 Fertilise	r: 335.0	Crop expo	ort: 253.7			
Crop finish date:	15/04/2024	Sample depth (cm):	0-30cm	~			100			_			
Population:	-	Bulk density (g/mm³):	1.19				o Residu		Residu	ie: 45.4			
Yield:	64	Rain & Irrigation				0 Inp		Outp	puts				
Unit:	t/ha 🗸	Amount of rain prior to planting:	Typical	~									
Additional Crop Info		Amount of rain during crop:	Typical	~	Current Crop N Uptake and Soil N Displays patterns of Crop N uptake and soil mineral N conter	nt during the current crops are	wth period. The tool recommends an N applic	ation whenever soil N dro	ons to 30kn/ha and aims to le	ave this much N i			
Established stage:	Seed V	Irrigation Applied:	None	$\overline{}$	the soil when the crop is harvested.	in during the current crops gro	an period. The teer recommende arriv applic		po to oblighte ene eno to to				
Harvest stage:	Late Repr V	Enterprise & Paddock			400	— Cr	- Crop N Uptake Soil N 😑 Fertiliser						
Paddock loss (%):		Enterprise:	Please sel	~									
Dressing loss (%):		Paddock:	Back2	~	300								
Moisture content (%):	78	Nearest weather station:	Pukekohe	~	및 200								
Residue treatment:	None rem V	Soil order:	Brown	~	100			*************					
Residue incorporation:	Full (Plough) 🗸 🗸	Soil texture:	Clay loam	~	100								
	Subr	nit changes			0	14. Dec	l 13. Jan	12. Feb	13. Mar		l 12. Apr		

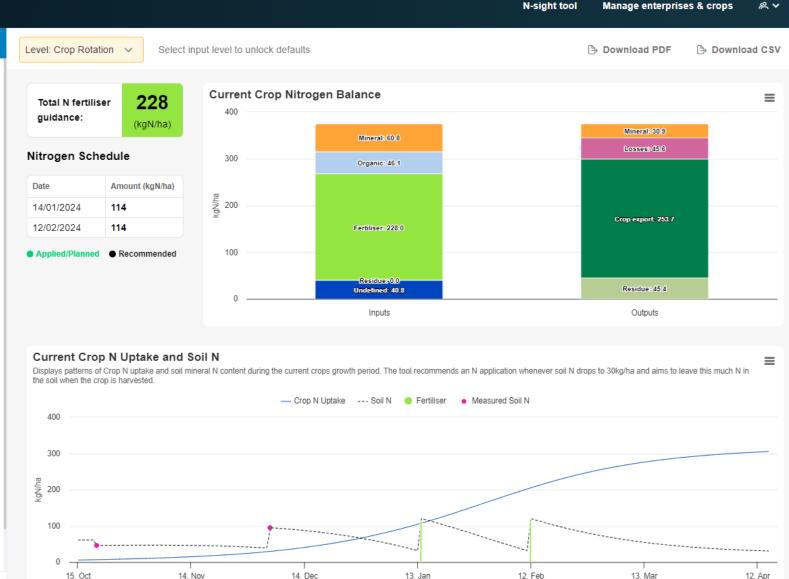
<u>& ~</u>



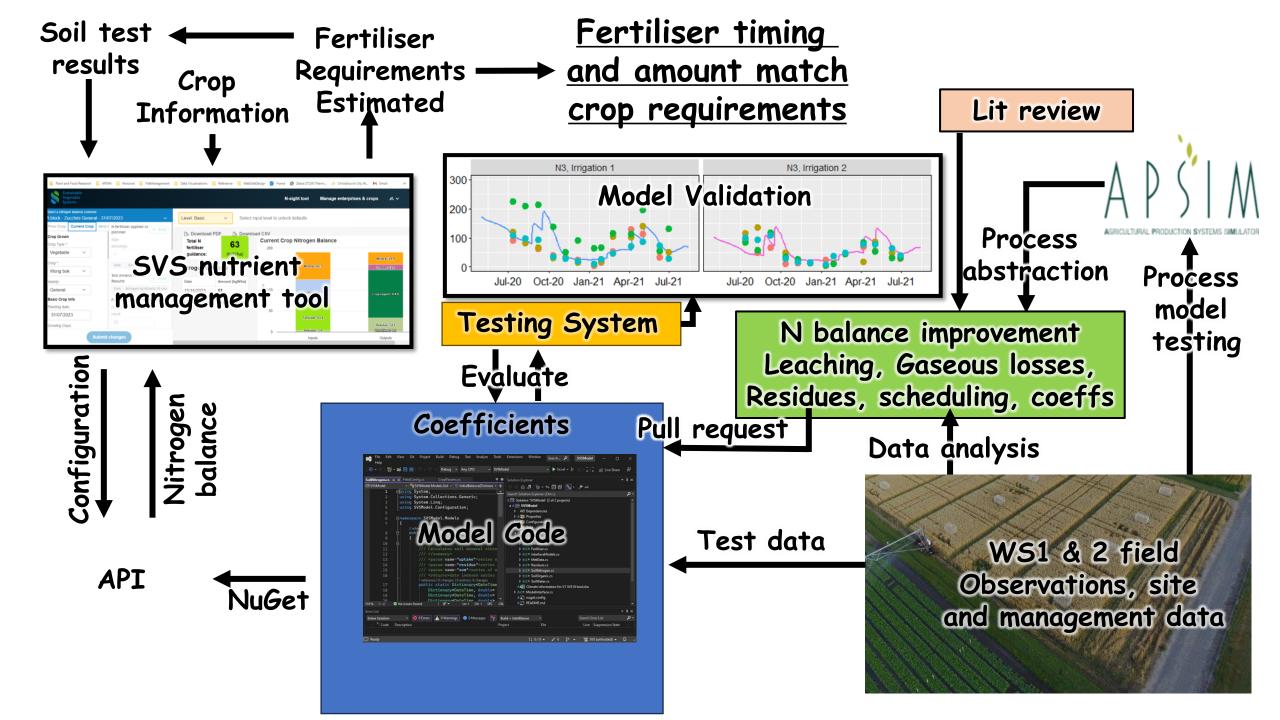
## Nitrogen Input Planning Tool

#### Sustainable Vegetable Systems

Select a nitrogen balance	escenario							
BackBlock - Carrot	General - 17/0	08/2023						$\sim$
Prior Crop	Current Cro	Next Crop		N fertilise	er applied or I		+ Add	
Crop Grown			Side dressings:			2		
Crop Type:	Vegetable	$\sim$	Date	Amour	nt (kgN/ha)			
Crop:		Potato	~	Soil mine	eral N Test Re	sults		(+ Add)
Variety:		General	~	Date		Nitrogen kg N	l/ha(to 30 cm)	
Basic Crop Info				(	05/12/2023			95
Planting date:		15/10/202	3	Potential	Mineralisable	e Nitrogen		
Growing Days:		183		PMN test	result		20	
Crop finish date:	15/04/202	4	PMN result type:			PMN	~	
Population:	-		Sample depth (cm):			0-30cm	~	
Yield:		64		Bulk dens	ity (g/mm³):		1.22	
		4 (In -		Rain & In	rigation			
Unit: Additional Crop Info		t/ha	~	Amount o planting:	f rain prior to		Typical	~
Established stage:		Seed	~	Amount o	f rain during c	rop:	Typical	~
Harvest stage:		Late Repr.	~	Irrigation	Applied:		None	~
Paddock loss (%):		0		Enterpris	e & Paddock			
Description (0/1)		0		Enterprise:			Please se	I Y
Dressing loss (%):				Paddock:			BackBlock	< ~
Moisture content (%):		78		Nearest w	veather station		Pukekohe	~
Residue treatment:		None rem.	~	Soil order	-		Brown	~
Residue incorporation:		Full (Ploug	ih) 🗸	Online			Clay	
				Soil textu	e.		Clay	~



Submit changes





# Thank you

DISCLAIMER: While every effort has been made to ensure the information in this presentation is acc Limited (Plant & Food Research) cannot guarantee its accuracy and does not give any assurance as Plant & Food Research will not be liable in any way for any loss, damages or costs which may be inc





The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited



## Thank you

# Asmart green future. Together.



DISCLAIMER: While every effort has been made to ensure the information in this presentation is accurate, The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited (Plant & Food Research) cannot guarantee its accuracy and does not give any assurance as to the suitability of any such information for any particular use. Plant & Food Research will not be liable in any way for any loss, damages or costs which may be incurred by any person in relation to this information.

#### **Presentation disclaimer**

#### **Presentation for**

Potatoes New Zealand Conference, Christchurch 22 August 2023

#### **Publication data:**

Andrew Barber, Bruce Searle, Trish Fraser, Hamish Brown. August 2023. SVS updates. A Plant & Food Research PowerPoint presentation. Job Code: P/444006/04.

#### Presentation prepared by:

Bruce Searle Scientist/Researcher, Field Crop Physiology August 2023

#### Presentation approved by:

Science Group Leader, Crop Systems and Environment August 2023

#### For more information contact:

Bruce Searle DDI: +64 06 975 8963 Email: bruce.searle@plantandfood.co.nz

#### DISCLAIMER

The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited does not give any prediction, warranty or assurance in relation to the accuracy of or fitness for any particular use or application of, any information or scientific or other result contained in this presentation. Neither The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited nor any of its employees, students, contractors, subcontractors or agents shall be liable for any cost (including legal costs), claim, liability, loss, damage, injury or the like, which may be suffered or incurred as a direct or indirect result of the reliance by any person on any information contained in this presentation.

#### LIMITED PROTECTION

This presentation may be reproduced in full, but not in part, without the prior written permission of The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited. To request permission to reproduce the presentation in part, write to: The Science Publication Office, The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited – Postal Address: Private Bag 92169, Victoria Street West, Auckland 1142, New Zealand; Email: SPO-Team@plantandfood.co.nz.

#### CONFIDENTIALITY

This presentation contains valuable information in relation to the Sustainable Vegetable Systems programme that is confidential to the business of The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited and Client. This presentation is provided solely for the purpose of advising on the progress of the Sustainable Vegetable Systems programme, and the information it contains should be treated as "Confidential Information" in accordance with The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited's Agreement with Client.

#### COPYRIGHT

© COPYRIGHT (2023) The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited. All Rights Reserved. No part of this report may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, transmitted, reported, or copied in any form or by any means electronic, mechanical or otherwise, without the prior written permission of The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited. Information contained in this report is confidential and is not to be disclosed in any form to any party without the prior approval in writing of The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited. To request permission, write to: The Science Publication Office, The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited – Postal Address: Private Bag 92169, Victoria Street West, Auckland 1142, New Zealand; Email: <u>SPO-Team@plantandfood.co.nz</u>.